Church-Pageantry

DISPLAY'D:

OR,

Argan = Worthips

Arraign'd and Condenn'd.

As inconfiftent with the Revelation and Worthip of the Golpel, the Sentiments of the Ancient Fachers the Church of England, and several Eminest De vines, both Protestams and Papills.

"That it may please Thee to bring into the Way of Truth all

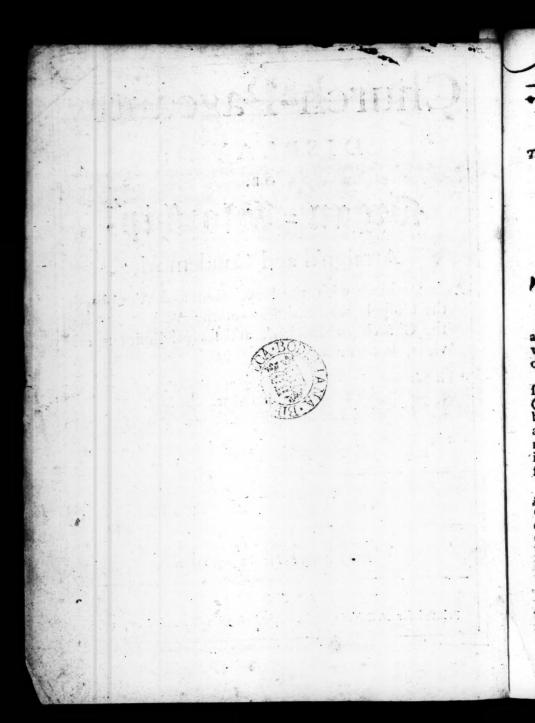
We befeech Thee to hear us good Lord. Amen!

The best Musical Instrument for God's Praise is an upright Hours, shop Couper's Works Printed at Louises, 1621; Page 370

Nitimus in vetitum semper cupininsque negeta.
Is my Merry? Let bim sur Plants.

LONDON.

Printed for A. Baldwig, at the Oxford-America Warmels Line 1000



CHAP. I.

The Introduction. The Patriarchal and Old Topament-Church about Three Thunfand Years without Organ-Worship. An Account of other Instrumental Minfich us'd in Divine Praises. Organs and other Musical Instruments under the
Legal Dispensation, Parts of the Ceremonial Law, instituted by Divine Authority; are not obligatory under the Gospel, no more than other Branches of the
Ceremonial Law, which by the Confession of Organical Advocates are abrogated.

SIR.

HERE's no Request of yours, but is equivolent to a Command with me: Whereas in your Letter to the 20th. Current you earnestly crav'd my Sentiments about the use of Church-Musick; because a Friend of yours was going to erect a Pair of Organs in his Parochial-Church: I have comply'd with your Desires, and in the following Observations have deliver'd my own Thoughts, and the Judgment of many oothers, touching it's unlawfulness under the Evangelical Occonomy.

Before I go on, I must beg the favour of you, as to give Place to calm and fober Thoughts, and impartially to weigh the force of my Evidence: And (in order to that) I hope you'll be so just as to read over the whole Essay, before you proceed to a judicial definitive Censure. I am perswaded you are of a candid Temper, and therefore I can the more freely communicate my Sentiments to you; and that I may the more effectually set the Affair in debate in it's true Light. I'll begin with the first Rife and Use of Mu-

fick and Mulical Devotions.

1. Twas about Three Thonsand Years after the Creation, before any Organs were us'd in Divine Worship, That they were invented in the Infaucy of the World, we readily grant. Gen. 4. 21. Inhal, he was the Father of all such as handle Harp and Organ; but if one of the Posterity of Bloody Cain was the Contriver of these paltry sidling Pipes, will it therefore sollow that their use in Sacred Services was equally Ancient, with their sirst Invention? But it's doubtful, whether the Organs mention'd in this Scripture be the same with ours, for the Hebrew Word I'D for Organs which comes from IN sustain, adamavit, signifies quodwis instrumentum Musicum, quafic amabile distum. Schindl. The Chaldee renders it, he was Master of all that Play on the Psaltery, and knew Musick: And the Greek Version reads it, this was he that show'd the Psaltry and the Harp,

We

Sarah Turnbull.

We have no Account of 'm as us'd in the Devotions of the Antediluvian Patriarchs, and 'twas about Seven Hundred Years after the Deluge, before any fort of Instrumental Musick was us'd in Divine Worship. The first remarkable Instance that occurs, we have in Exod. 15. 20, 21. Where it's faid, that Miriam the Irophetess took a Timbrel in her Hand, and all the Women went after ber with Timbrels and with Dances. There are Three Things that shew the invalidity of this Instance, in reference to the Point in debate (1.) You must Note, that this Woman was a Prophetess, and what the did was by an extraordinary impulse; now Sir, when any of our Organical Friends are aduated by a Prophetick Spirit, e'en let 'm use all the Cymbals, Timbrels, Tabrets, and Harps, upon the Terrestrial Globe, and spare not, and I do assure you I'll never interrupt their Musical Mirth; only let 'm stay till then. (2.) You must observe, that these were Women who plaid --- and fung --- but Paul has been fo kind to the Female Sex in. our Days as to tye their Tongues at Church; tho' now and then notwithstanding his Apostolical Injunction many of 'm will have their full share in councing and racketting David's Pfalms, and be as clamorous in their Responfes as any of their Masculine Neighbours; and therefore, if you're inclin'd to follow the Miriamite Pattern, you may foon find a parcel of brisk finging Girls for the Purpose without going as far as Billingsgate for 'm. (3.) These Musical-Women danced at the same time, so that Sir, you may fee without the help of a pair of Canonical Spectacles, that Dancing in Divine Worship is of the same Age with Instrumental Musick: A cap'ring Devotion can pretend to as great Antiquity in the Church as any fort of Inffrumental Musick. And therefore, I know no Reason why you shou'd graciously receive the Musical Part of the Old Service into the Church, and utterly reject the Dancing part.

2. It's acknowledged that Organs and other Instruments of Musick were Parts of the Ceremonial Law, or things peculiar to the Jewish Pedagogy, as Circumcision, Passover, Sacrifices, Trumpets, Cymbals, were, Now if these and other Parts of the Legal Ceremonies are perfectly abolisht, how comes it to pass that Organs are continu'd? Why shou'd not the same Arguments conclude against the Ecclesiastical Use of Organs, as conclude against the Church-use of other Jewish Musical Instruments? Why shou'd the worshipful Organs (forsooth) be readmitted into the Bosom of the Church, when other samous Instruments of Musick are totally excluded? What warrant have you to restore and retain one Part of the Ceremonial Law more than another Part? Why a pair of Organs and not a brace of Timbrels? I believe neither you nor the Parson wou'd Consent to have the Jewish Harps, Dances, Tabrets, Trumpets, Cymbals, and Psalteries, us'd in the Divine Service, and yet all these may be warrantably introduc'd into our Church, if

your

your Arguments for Organs hold Water. Pray good Sir, e'en let's have a parcel of Ecclefiaftical-Trumpeters, Church-Dancers, Canonical-Harpers and Tinkling-Cymbalists, as well as a cumbersome Herd of expenceful jovial Organists. The Greek Churches | have upbraided the Pa-Wid. Monfipilts for using a Roasted Lamb in the Lord's Supper, because eur Lortie de twas Part of the Ceremonial-Law: But I'll not infift upon the Can. Dom. p. 1. Cap. 6.

monstrous Effects of Superstitious Love and Testy Zeal, because both of 'm are Blind; which (if you'll believe Scarron)

made Eneas once when he went to Sacrifice, mistake a black curl'd Spaniel for

a black Ram. 3. But under the Law the Musical Instruments in the Church were appoin-

ed by the Infillible Directions of Heaven, 2 Chron. 29. 25. He fet the Lewites in the House of the Lord, with Cymbals, with Psalteries, and with Harps, according to the Command of David, and of Gad the Kings Seer, and Nathan the Prophet, for so was the Command of the Lord by his Prophets. But pray Sir, where is your Command for Organical Worship under the Gospel? You've neither the Command of God, nor of the King, nor of the Parliament, nor of any Convocation, nor of any Canon, or Rubrick, and yet maugre all these awful Powers, you'll be meddling with your Pipes and hank'ring after the forbidden Fruit. Tho. Aguinas, * that grand Master of Church-Nibil debe-Ceremonies; even he cou'd fay, That nothing ought to be intromus assumere in duced into the Divine Service, but what may be warranted by Scrip-Divmum ! cul-

ture-Command. But lest you shou'd take it as an Affront to be sum Prater ea corrected by a Catholick Friend, while you have a Mother alive; I'll therefore bring you under the righteous Sentence of her Maternal Censure. Saith She, - Such has been the corrupt Inclination of Man ever superstitionsly given, to make new bonouring of God, of his own Head, and then to have more Affection and Devotion to keep that, than to fearch out God's Commandments and do'm. The Jews us'd'm by Divine Order, and therefore, they were bleft for the great Endthey were design d for but that therefore God will bless 'm now to the same Ends, when they are not commanded, is such a Consequence that all the Espou-

fers of the Organical Caufe can never make good. What they did was the matter of a Divine Command, but being Ceremonial, 'twas abrogated by the Death of Christ, and therefore can't bind us under the Gospel. Upon which account you must produce some new Proof, Order, or Commission, or be Content to own your felves guilty of adding the Traditions of finful Men to the Sacred Canon. Because the stiff-necked Jews of Old us'd Organs, Pfalteries, Trumpets and Cymbals, pursuant to the Heavenly Command, may you therefore do't now without a Command? This is most won-

derful

quæ nobis auto-

ratate Scripturæ traduntur.

Aquin Sum Qu.

91. Art. 1. Typ.

Mand. Ven.

+ Homilies Serm. of good

MDLXXXVI

Works. Part 3.

derful Logick, and it may be, may pass for good arguing among a prophane

Crew of fraging Boys and their passionate Admirers.

We are not under the Law, but under the Gospel. So the Church of England speaks. "Christ's Gospel is not a Ceremonial Law, but it's a Religion to serve God, not in Bondage of the Figure or Shadow, but in the Freedom of the Spirit. That is, God is to be worshipp'd now under the Gospel in Spirit and in Truth, and not with the antiquated Ceremonies of the Law Spirit and Spirit and Spirit and Spirit and Spirit and North Spirit and Spirit an

of the Law, Inch as Cymbals, Organs, Sacrifices, Trumpets, Platteries---Now will any Man of common Sence plead for the use of a Thing as lawful
under the Gospel, because twas made of Old a part of the Legal Service?

4 And it's certain, the New Testament makes no mention of any Instrumental Musick us'd in Divine Worship, and had it been really profitable, wou'd the Holy Jesus and his faithful Apostles pass it by in such profound Silence? Now Mr. Charister, I challenge you, or any of your Musical Tribe to prove that ever Christ or his Apostles us'd, recommended, or encouraged the Practice of Instrumental Musick in the Sacred Assemblies of Christians. It's remarkable in Matth. 9. 23, 24, 25. that Christ does no Mi-

racle till he turns out the Pipers and Fidlers.

But suppose, for once we humour your Fancy about Organs, will you then tell me, when and where you'll stop? If this be allowed, may you not by Parity of Reason introduce the whole Body of Romish, Paganish, Judaical and Mahometan Ceremonies into the Chorch? If you are empowered to bring in so considerable a thing as a pair of Devotional Organs, why mayn't you by the same Power sill the Church with a great many more new sanged Ceremonious Superstitions? And at this rate, why mayn't we expect a superfectation of Articles, and new Schemes of Religion ev'ry new Year? And a spawning of Novel Creeds and equipping out of Organical Consessions every Spring.

CHAP. II.

No Organs in the Primitive Church. They were first intraduc'd into the New Testament Churob by Pope Vitalian about Six Hundred Years after Christ. sheir use in Divine Service a Popish Practice in the Opinion of some Church-Men. Many of Opinion, they were not Churchify'd as foon as Vitalian's Time. For there were no Organs in France, and Germany in Aquinas's Time, which we about Five Hundred Years ago. The Fathers, as Clemens Alexandrims, St. Chryfostom, Hidore, P. Theodoret, Ambrose, Austin against the use of Organs in the Church.

SIR,

1. YF what is wanting in the Sacred Text could be made good by Authentick Primitive Records, I shou'd not have attended this Musical Business. I must needs fay, that I owe the Fathers of the Church the Debt of an Honourable Memory; and therefore, if you had fled for Refuge into the abstruce receptacles of venerable Antiquity, I wou'd not have prefum'd to haunt you out of your Burroughs; but upon a little fearch into the Ancient Ecclefiastical Registers, you'll foon find that the Primo-Primitive-Christians never made use of Organs in their Applications to the Heavenly Throne.

The Ancient Fathers in their Writings are wholly filent; they give us not the least hint that they approved of or had Organical Worship in the Church; but we have a new Generation of Pipers that are wifer than their Fore-Fathers, and able to fathom the ladian Gulph, and if need be, reach the twinkling Stars with a Jacob's Staff. These are the evaporating Wits of the Age with whom alone (if you'll believe 'm) the Chrystal Springs of Knowledge dwell. No doubt, but these Musical Gentlemen drew their first breath in Tempe or Parnassus, and had Appollo himself for their Progenitor, and the Harmonious Spheres for Nurses; for their first and last Notes are nothing elfe, but Lifet Meeter and Caftalian Lays. But fee how this fidling humour draws me out o'th' way.

2. Say fome, 'twas about Six Hundred Years after Christ before Organs

were introduc'd into the Christian Church. The + Centuriators tells us, That at last in the Tear Six Hundred Sixty Six, in + Tandem An-

the full number of the Beast in Revel. 13th. the Churches received no 666. pleno numero Deffine.

Apoc. 13. Cantum Latinum cum Organis Ecelefia a Vitalino Pontifice fusceperunt miffang deinde: Magdeb. Centur. Cent. 7. Cap. 6.

Latin finging with Organs from Pope Vitalian, and from thence began to fay Latin Mass, and to set up Altars with Idolatrous Images .---- And of this Opinion are Balaus, Platina | , and others. You may Note hence, that this Theatrical pompous fort of Worship was first hatcht Il Plat. in Viat Rome, where a great many other Ecclesiastical Gewgaws and Gibble-Gabbles have been invented; and had no meaner Perfon for it's Original, than a Soveraign Pontiff, and he none of the best of the Purple Order, for by M. Prideaux he's rank'd in the Class of usurping Nimrods. And besides we must observe, that these Organs were introduc'd

into Church in the Time of Popish Darkness, and were accompany'd with Latin Service and Idolatrous Images ----.

And that this fort of Organical Devotion looks like that of Rome I Appeal to the Reverend * Mr. H. the present Rector of All Saints-

* Vid. Cerein Colchester in Essex, who expresseth himself thus - "His mony Mon-"Cope, his Hood, his Surplice, his Rochet, his cringing ger, Chap. 1. "Worthip, his Altars with Candles on 'm, his Bag-pipes or page 11. 17. "Organs, and in some Places Viols and Violins, and singing

"Boys are so very like Popery, that (faith he) I protest when I came in " 1660. from beyond Sea to Paul's and White-Hall, I cou'd scarce think my " felf to be in England, but in Spain or Portugal again, I saw so little dif-

" ference but that their Service was in Latin and ours in English, but less " intelligible and edifying by Reason of the inarticulate Boatus and bray-

"ing, the alternate labberings and Mouthings of the People, whilft all of "m read half the Pfalms with a noise as confus'd as the rumbling Thun-

et der; that any Man in the World that had feen High Mass beyond Sea. "must say, that the Contrivance of both was to keep People in Ignorance,

Bellarmines Mother of Devotion.

Cap. 114.

3: Some others are of Opinion, that the use of Organs in the Christian Church was not so early as this Popes Time: For, long after that; Organs were unknown in France and Germany. Marianus Scotus tells us, they were first fent of a Token to King Pepin in France; Aventinus gives the same Account, but adds, that they came not into any Church in France till the Year 828, when by the Industry of a Venetian Priest they were there fet up. Church-Mulick was not introduc'd into the Western Churches before the Time of Ludovicus Pins about the Year 840. One Georgius a Greek Priest, who was recommended to the Emperour by Count Baldric perswaded

him to admit into the Church + inalitatam addice in regno Fran-+ Aimon. Mocorum melodiam. But Aquinas faith, there were no Organs us'd nach. de Gestis. in the Church, in his Time, which was about the Twelfth Franc. lib. 4. Century. Thus you fee, tho' the Learned vary in the Account they give of their Original, yet they all agree they were not us'd in Christian Assemblies for several hundred Years after Christ.

4. As to the Fathers, it's plain, that they accounted Organs and other Musical Instruments in Divine Worship as Parts of the Old Ceremonial Law, and fuited only to the Infant State of the Church, and therefore no way Congruous to the fpirituality of Gospel-Services; this will more plainly appear, by confidering the subsequent Passages collected out of 'm.

(r.) We'll begin with Justin Martyr +, who Dy'd about the Year 164. He faith to this Purpose, "That in his Time "there was only plain! simple singing with the Voice us'd in the har, and -the Church ! And he calls the ofe of Church Mufick under the Old Testament, a puerile carnal Service, or a Childifn ferv-

ing of God.

(2.) Clemens Alexandrinus, who Liv'd about the Year AIREITE du-196. faith, we're commanded to Praife God on the Pfaltery, TIV CV YEATS that is on the Tongue, because the Tongue is the Pfaltery of the cia on n Lord. Praife bim with the Harp, that is; with the Mouth; Praife Yaktherp bim with the loud tinkling Cymbal, that is, the Tongue. And a 'Au ... Pælittle further he saith, That then they made use only of one Instrudag. Lib. 2. ment, the peaceful Word with which they honour'd God. Note Cap. 4. hence, (1.) That he look'd upon the Jewish Church-Musick to be Typical, i. e. a refemblance, to emblematize or shadow out that inward Melody - which shou'd be in Gospel Times, so faith Junius, "Of those "Things coinmanded by the Law, some were fignificative of some future "Thing: Others were peculiar to that Church; now (faith he) to make "use of things which were fignificative of some thing Future after the com-"ing of Christ, is Wicked; and now to use those things which were reculiar " to that Church is ridiculous. So that according to his Judgment the ule of Church-Musick under the Gospel is either impious or ridiculous. (2.) Clemens in some of's Writings, complains much of the decay of Zeal and of the Power of Godliness among Profesiors in his Time, and yet I believe it ne'r enter'd into the Brains of the good Man, that a pair of Organs would have been a Remedy for that growing Evil.

(3.) St. Chryfostom, + who Di'd about the Year 407. faith. + 70 75 --- 68-"That under the Old Testament, there were Organs by which " Songs of Praise were offer'd up to God, but now in the fread " of Organs we make use of the Body, the Members of which become a Pfaltery and a Harp ---- And in another Place * speaking of Musical Instruments in Gods Service, he faith, Let no Man deceive you, these appertain not to Christians: These are Alien to the Christian Church; all these the Nations of the World feek after. Note hence, (1.) He afferts that Organs ---

java niv di av Tris works avaczegu vuvi Si מצדו פפושעשי -in Pf. 144. Edit. Oc.

+ סט דו מ שוב-

The sai nis INTIONS doutes

Juft. Martyr.

ad Orth. Cuff.

107.

* Mn Ais Thavara vuns.

in mind of what the Learned Dr. Stilling fleet of late Bishop of torig. Sacr. W. tells us out of Strabo, that the Corphantes of old in their Worthip danc'd about with their Cymbals, Pipes, Drums, and Arms,

as if Bedlam bad been broke loofe among 'm.

(4.) Ifidore Pelafiota, || who Liv'd about the beginning of the Fourth Century, faith, "If ye feek an Explication of that "Muffick mention'd in Scripture, understand after this man"In ref. 15.5. is "Muffick mention'd in Scripture, understand after this man"In ref. viz. They prais'd God with the found of a Trumpet
"in Memory of the Refurrection; which will be with a Trum"pet. Praise him with the Psaltery and Harp, that is, with the Tongue
"and Mouth. Praise him with Strings and Organs, that is, with the Bo-

" dy and all the inward Parts.

* The Top sun-Xas depaired H (22 To Oede. Theod. Green Serm. 7.

those Must represent the service of the service of

(5.) Theodoret, * who flourish'd about the Year 430. after Christ, saith, "God indulged m (the Jens) the use of Muiscal Instruments, not that he was delighted with their Harmony, but so by little and little he put a stop to the deceit
of Idols. And in another Place, he saith to this Effect, † that
those Musical Instruments spoken of in the Old Testament as
gree to us, if they're understood spiritually — "And we
"must render our selves an Harmonious Organ to God, and
"Praise him by the Instruments of all the Senses.

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Way of Singing at Milan, to divert the good People that watch'd with him in the Church, to prevent Justina, Valentinian's Mother, from delivering it to the Arian, whose Herese she favour'd:

And from Milan that more artificial way of singing spread through the Western Churches.

(7.) This melodious Singing did so tickle St. Andin's Ears, and cause in him such a degree of carnal Delight, that he wishes twere laid aside in the Church,

Church, f and reckons it much fafer to imitate the Alexandrian Way of finging in Athanasius's Time, who made his Reader to found the Pfalm with fo small a turn of his Voice, ut pronuncianti vicinor effet quam canenti. * If the more artificial Way of Vocal Singing feem'd enfuaring to this devout Father, what wou'd he have faid to our Modern Organical Con-Several Modern Divine, Cherch-Men Printer forts?

(8.) Add to all these the Account we have of the Primitive Worship, viz. When the Congregation was affembl'd they first read the Scriptures, and sometimes other Writings, then Pray'd, and then Preach'd, and concluded with Prayer. Journmet or In our Publick Assemblies faith of Tertullian, (who Livid about feruntur, & the Year 202. after Christ) The Scriptures are Read, Pfalms are tisiones dele-Sung, Sermons Preached, and Prayers presented. Not a Word gantur. Terof Common Prayer, nor of the Vitalian and Gregorian Organi- Cap. 3. cal Cant: which things were not known in the Primitive Church.

+ -- Ab auribus meis removeri velim atque ipfius Ecclesia. Conf. X 33. # Apid you had

bass due

+ Scripture leguntur, Pfalmi canuntur,

Thus you fee the Venerable Fathers unanimously declare against the Ecclesiastical use of Organs; and therefore, you must either Rebel against their Paternal Authority, or be content to Knock under, as we fay. The Church of Old look'd like it Self, a Pure, Holy Virgin; and had no Superfitious Ornamental Appendages to enhance it's Native Simplicity. at bus , 2000 and ...

But Alas! How is her beautiful Face now mangl'd? As some of our modish Ladies, who (tho' Nature has accommodated 'm with comely Features, yet) ridiculously paint mielves: So some of our Prelatical Tantivies have so miserably daub'd the Face of the Church with Organical and Spanish Dyes, and other Ceremonious Untemper'd Mortar, that if the Primitive Fathers were now alive again, they cou'd not know their own Daughter.

the perfect to the perfect to the Lachry amy and the Hine of

We'll conclude this Chapter with that excellent Prayer of our Church. vin. God grant all us, the Kings Highness, faithful and true Subjects, to feed of the sweet and savoury Bread of Gods own Word : And (as Christ commanded) eschew all our Pharisaical and Papistical leven of Man's fained Religion Homily of good Works, Part III. Page 38.

Minidens, in at the systems space sold at the viewer

the Sprod of Holland and Zorma in the Sear, 19 . a. trustleeted. they would called our ment of the day through the many bar burn voits "

CHAP. III.

time of the state of the state

have 'm. Several Modern Divines, Church-Men, Papists, and others, and the Church of England it self, against the use of Organs in Divine Worship.

IN the next Place, we'll confider the extent of this Organical Worship, and in doing that, it mayn't be amis to lay before you an Account of those Places, where (1.) Organs are not us'd in their Spiritual Worship.

And (2.) Where they are us'd.

(1.) There are many of the Reformed Churches, and some of 'm, the best in the World, that never us'd Organs, or any other Musical Instruments in their Sacred Assemblies and Worship. As the Reformed Churches. in Germany, the Helpenian and French Protestant Churches: Many of the Protestant Churches in Poland, Sweedland, Denmark, and many of those in the Belgic Provinces. The Hungarian, and Transitoanian Churches, and those of Piedmont. The Scotch Churches. All the Protestant Diffenting Churches, and indeed the greatest Number of Parish Churches in England and Ireland. Observe here, (1.) That the greatest Number, and some of the pureft Protestant Churches in the World, have always been without Organs. And (2.) That the defect thereof, has been no hindrance to the flourishing State of those Churches; hay (3.) If we may judge of the Tree by it's Fruit, some of the Anti-Organical Churches have been the most eminently Pious, and have most remarkably fignaliz'd their Courage and Constancy, in the persecuted Cause of Christ, and Defence of Gospel-Simplicity, which is the main Thing pleaded for in this Effay, in Oppolition to pompous and carnal Devotion.

(2.) On the other Hand, Organs are us'd in some of the Dutth Churches, in some of the Lutheran Churches, in Germany and Poland, and the Greek Churches In our Cathedral Churches in England, and in some few Parochi-

al Churches, and in the Popilb Churches. But then,

[1.] As to the Dutch Churches, it must be remembred that Organs were forc'd upon 'm by some Civil Magistrate against the Consent of the Dutch Ministers; for at the National Synod held at Middleb. Anno 1581. and in the Synod of Holland and Zealand in the Year, 1594. 'twas decreed, "That they wou'd endeavour to prevail with the Magistrates to banish Organs to their Churches. Nothing less than Banishment, it seems,

wou'd serve their turn. Such clamorous, noisie, bawling Creatures were not fit to dwell within the Calm, and orderly Territories of the Church.

[2.] As to the Lutheran Churches; they ought not to be admitted as Patterns, for they approve of, and use many other Popish Novelties, which all other Protestants justly abhor and condemn, as, " Auricular Confession, the " Pictures of the Trinity, finging Pfalms in Latin, Crucifixes in their Devotion - Cum multis aliis - But what if a Parcel of Confubstantiating Lutber ans are inclin'd to divert 'mselves by the inarticulate sound of a few Musical Pipes, must it therefore follow that English Protestants shou'd Dance after 'm? As to the Greek Churches their Errors in material Things

are equally obvious -

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But (1.) Zepperus observes, that the Organs us'd in the Transmarine Reformed Churches are to Delight People at ordinary Times, when the Worship of God is not perform'd. But some of our high-flown Cassandrian Eng. lifb Love a little innocent Auricular Diversion in their Ecclesiastical Retirements, and will not as much as open their Eyes towards the Heavens, till they're awaken'd and rouz'd up by the found of an Organical Machin. But that which makes me smile is, to see poor little diminutive Parishes so eager for Organs, when some of the Richest Parsonages in England are content to go to Heaven without 'm. But oh what a curled Milery is it to be Poor and Proud!

And (2.) He that Writes the late Hiftory of Denmark, tells us in Particular of the Danes, "That they're all great Lovers "of Organs, and have many very good ones, with skilful Ore ganists, who entertain the Congregation with Musick during

"half an Hour, either before or after Service.

Nay (3.) It feems in Dr. River's Time, only Vocal Mulick was us'd in our English Service, and faith he, * If Organs were us'd. 'twas not in the Hours of Divine Worship, but at other Times, and that to divert and recreate the People and not to edifie 'm,

An Account of Denmark, as imas in the Year 1002. Edit. 3. Chap. XVI P48-223.

+ ... Si in Av glia vel alibi allis fis horis

quam iis que pracipus Divino cultui fum deftinate. A. Rivet. Cathol. Orthod. Qu. 36. p. 564.

[3.] And as to the English Churches; there are Three Things I would

observe concerning im.

1. That the Churches that have Organs are very few, compar'd with those that have no Organs at all. If they are so eminently useful in Devotion, as a mouthing Cathedralift Swears they are, there's no doubt but the Patrons and Rectors of our Rich Parochial Synagogues that are without 'm, wou'd foon make their Ecclefiastical Arches eccho, with the found of Melodious and Charming Organists.

C 2

2. Several eminent Church-men, and other Reformed Divines have exprefly show'd their dislike of Organs in our Divine Worship. We'll begin with:

The Learned Dr. Taylor's Opinion about this fort of Ecclefiastical Mu-

fick. He delivers himself to this Purpose, The Use of Singing Psalms -

is very apt for the Edification of Churches, but as for Musical Instru-Duct. Dubit. ments, they are more apt to change Religion into Fancies, and take lib. 3. about. off some of it's simplicity, and are not so fitted for Edification. He the 329. P. feems plainly to affert, that this fort of Musical Service is really repugnant to spiritual Worship, which is particularly injoyn'd in the Gospel. And I've heard many Devout Kirk-men complain, that instead of elevating their Affections, it distracts their Thoughts, and diverts the mind from being seriously intent on the Matter Sung. But alas Sir, you're mstane in our Organists, for they ne'r intended to be Religious among their Pipes.

Mr. Maxwell, a Divine of the true Prelatical and Tory stamp, faith, We agree with Reformed Divines, that Instrumental Musick is neither a Part of nor a help to Divine or Ecclesiastical Worlhip. Bravely faid Maxwell! The high-flown Scot is in the right on't; and the Confession is the more considerable because it's voluntary, and not forced by the pressure of a Scotch

Boot.

* His Works in Folio Printed at Lendon, 1621. P. 371.

THE A .. .

Vol. II. p.

·1060.

In his Book en-

the Church of

England above

that of Geneva.

tituled, The Excellency of

> Comper, * Bishop of Galloway, faith, That the best Musical Instrument for God's Praise, is an upright Heart: And in's Comment on the Revelations, faith, The Heart is the Harp.

the Strings of the Heart are the Affections

The famous Dr. Light foot, + has a very pertinent Passage to + His Works, the Purpole, faith he, "Christ abolishe the use of the Temple, " as purely Ceremonious, but he perpetuated the Use of the Sy-"nagogue, fuch as Reading the Scriptures, Preaching, Praying

"and Singing of Pfalms, and transplanted it into the Christian Church as purely Maral. Now objecte, that Instrumental Musick was part of the Temple-Service, and peculiarly fo, for 'twas never us'd in the Jewish Synagogues, or in their Parochial Worship. And therefore we've no more warrant to recall it into the Ghristian Church, than we have to introduce Lamps, Dances, Frankincense, Silver Trumpets- or the like:

Peter Martyr, (who dyed about Year 1562) fpeaking a-Pr. Mera bout this fort of Church Mulick faith, "It cannot be lawfolly " retain'd, because the Auditors are so taken with it, that "they cannot apprehend and perceive the Words if they wou'd.

And therefore, I think it's almost as good, for a Man to pay his Religious Devoirs to Heaven at B - in the midst of Rosemary-Lane S - where nothing 26 .5

thing is heard but the confus'd Rumblings of fonorous and clat'ring Tongues. Or, for ought I know, his Advantage may be as great, if he spends two or three Hours at a Quakers Dumb and Silent Conventicle. The Truth on't is Sir, I Love Musick dearly well in it's proper Time and Place; and Scruple not to divert my Self now and then, by a pair of Domestical Organs, but really I had almost as good hear the Mysterious Humms of a Parcel of Leaden-Hall Quakers, as the loud inarticulate confus'd Noise of Ecclesiastical Pipes. The one is as intelligible and edifying as t'other: But I must not attend my demure Enthusiastical Quaker too long, lest my Cloaths be sing'd. for he smells strong of Italian Smoak which makes me presume there are fome Roman Cinders in his Chimney.

To proceed. Wendeline of faith of the same Musick, " That + Soft. Theol. Edit. Poft. P. "the Devil by a Canorous Musick tempts the Ears of Christians, that it may emasculate and weaken their spiritual Vigor "by a fweeter found. So that you may conclude hence, when th' Organife

Plays on's Pipes there's an invisible Dancer.

Zanchy, on Eph. 5. 19: faith, read St. Jerom on this Place - "What he Writes against this Theatrical Gaudy fort of Musick, by which Men are " drawn to be more attent to the Melody of the Sound than the Words.

Calvin faith, that the Jewish Altars and Frankincense, are every whit as lawful as Milical Instruments in God's Worship: But I'll not insist upon a

Geneva Cut, when triangl'd Instances are so much in Fashion.

Zuinglius (the first Reformer of the Helvetian Church) is very warm against this fort of Worship. * It's evident (faith he) that Ecclefiaftical Chanting - is a most foolish vain abuse, and a most pernicious bindrance to Piety.

Pezelins, + who was Protessor of Divinity at Bremen in the lower Circle of Saxony, in his Notes upon Sleidan, calls the Musical Instruments of Pope Vitalian, the Thieves of Prayer, and

the Word Preached.

* Zuinglii Al. Difp. 2. p.

+ Pez.in Sleid. de Quatuor Imperlis.

Many more might be added, but I'll conclude this Head with the Judgement of the Thirty Two Protestant Commissioners, who were in the Reign of Henry VIII. and Edward VI. appointed by Act of Parliament to examine and purge all Canons, Constitutions, and Ordinances, Provincial and Synodal, do declare, that they wou'd have all Instrumental Musick as Organs - quite taken away out of the Church. The Reformatio lesame Commission was reviv'd in Queen Elizabeth's Reign, but gam Anglicaquickly dropt, and to the great Prejudice of the Church has flept ever fince, as the Learned and Reverend Bishop Burnet faith.

rum de Di.i. mir Officiis. Imperf. Tract.

The Persons Deputed to this Purpose were, Crammer Arch-Bishop of Canterbury, Ridley Bishop of London, Ponet Bishop of Winchester, Goodrick Bishop of Ely, Coverdale Bishop of Exeter, Hooper Bishop of Glocester, Knight Bishop of Bath, Scory Bishop of Rochester, Mr. Taylor of Lincoln, Mr. Cox the King's Almoner, Parker of Cambridge, Latimer, Cook, Pet. Martyr, Sir John Cheek, John a Lasco, Mr. Peter, Mr. Cecyl, Sir Tho. Smith, Mr. Taylor of Hadley, Dr. May, Mr. Traberon, Dr. Lyel, Mr. Skiner, Justice Hales, Justice Bromley, Goodrick, Gosnal, Stamford, Carel, Lucas and Brook Recorder of London.

These were the Flowers of the English Reformation, and Men eminent for Sacred and Polite Literature. And I think the Judgment of such a valuable Sett of Men deserves a Particular Regard. And therefore wonder with what Considence some can pretend to have such a mighty Veneration for our first Reformers, when yet they so zealously defend, and are so eager for retaining; what the Old Reformers thought better abolish and quite

remov'd.

Thus you have th' express Opinion of many great and good Men against your erecting a pair of Devotional Organs in the Christian Church. But if you think, that you can't attain the Supremacy of Bliss without Converting the Church into an Organical Quire, e'en go on, and let your well-instructed-Organist begin his Anthem of O be joyful— while the rest of the Parish are devoutly Praying, like 'mselves, From all blindness of Heart, from Pride, Vain-Glory, and from all the Deceits of the World, the Flesh, and the Devil—and Contempt of thy Word and Commandment. Good Lord deliver us. And for once I'll suppose my self in the AMEN-Officer's Desk, and presume to say A-m-e-n-. But before you begin, you'd do well to take Advice from those that are able to give it, and who more sit to Counsel you in this Grand Affair than,

3. The Church of England it felf, whose Judgment comes next to be consider'd, and if you'll not be advis'd by her, for my Part I shall give you over as a pack of obstinate Sons of the Church. But what saith the Church of England? Why, to be brief, She utterly Condemns the Use of Organs in Divine Worship, as unlawful, and Thanks God She was rid of 'm in the Infancy of the Reformation; as appears by the following Passage out of her Homilies——Alas Gossip (Said a Woman to ber Neighbowr) What Shall

Book of Homilies of the
Time and Place
of Prayer Part
II. p. 131.

Ty gravely Replies, But dearly Beloved, we ought greatly to rejoice
Lond. Prinsed
and give God thanks, that our Churches are deliver dout of all those
things

things which displeased God so sore and filthily defil'd his Holy House.

Take Notice here, (1.) That 'twas the Opinion of the Church of England in Opeen Elizabeth's days, that Organs --- in Churches did greatly displease God. And are they more acceptable in God's account now? Or are our Eccleffaftical Engineers grown more wife than their famous Ancestors? (2.) That Organs - did filtbily defile God's House; and therefore she thanks God for the removal of this Organical defilement among other Superstitions. But least you shou'd Question the Authenticalness of the good Old Homilies. and to look upon the Evidence as weak and impertinent; I'll add, (3.) That the Thirty Fifth Article of the Church of England, confirms the Doctrine of the Homilies, as good, as found, and wholesome. Whoever therefore afferts this New, or rather Old Romish mode of Worship by Organs, directly contradicts the Judgment of the Renowned Church of England, And yet these Organical Hot- fours wou'd be thought her only true Sons, tho' at the same time they publickly and cotumacionfly Rebel against her Maternal Authority. The Church of England in another place faith, * That * - of Cere-

some Ceremonies enter'd into the Church by indiscrect Devotion, and fuch a Zeal as was without Knowledge. And for because they were winked at in the beginning, they grew daily to more and more abufes, which not only for their unprofitableness, but also because they have much blinded the people, and obscur'd the Glory of God, are worthy to be cut away and clean rejected: ---- Injenuous Contession Monstrum borrendum --- The Mother and Children so very unlike! What pitty is it that so Excellent a Mother shou'd have such a dege-

nerate Brood ____ but corruptio optimi, pessima.

[4.] As to the Popish Churches, I shall only declare the Sentiments of some of their learned Men touching the concern in debate. We'll begin,

1. With Thomas Aquinas, of who liv'd about the Year 1270, he tells us that Organs were not receiv'd into the Church, in his time. "The Church (faith he) does not take Mulical In-" struments into the Divine Praises, least it shou'd feem to ju-And it's observable that Cardinal Cajetan | upon Aquinas faith. Take notice that in the times of St. Thomas the Church made no use of Organs. And Gregory de Valentia is of the same Opinion. It's manifest from hence that the Gallican Churches which boast fo much of Antiquity, had no Organs in their Churches about 500 Years ago.

Notandum tempore Thoma .-- Cajets in eund. loc fum Tho. Aquin.

+ Inftrumenta Musica sicus Cytharas -- non allumit Ecclesia: in Divinas laudes ne videatur judaiques. --- Aquin. Sum. 24. 24. Qu. 91. Art. 2. Obj. 4 14.

monies wby

some be abo-

list, and some

retain'd in the

Preface part of the Common

Prayer.

2. Others of the Romish Stamp look upon Organs to be really prejudicial to the Devotion of the Holy Church tho' they may accidentally excite the Mind. Cornelius:

Cornelius Agrippa (who was Counsellor to Charles the V. and a Papist as appears by his Reflections on Luther) vehemently of declaims + De Vanitate against Organs as abus'd ad fornicariam pruriginem, and filling Scient. Capio. the Church with such a loud noise that the Worshippers can neither hear nor attend to what is spoken: He looks upon Church-Mu-& 17. fick to be a Lecherous licentions fort of Devotion, and refents it ill that the Holy Mysteries should be chanted out by a Company of wanton Musicians in th' above quoted Question, faith out of And Aquinas "That # Ibid. "those fort of Musical Instruments, do rather Create in the " Mind a fenfual Delectation, than Form in the Mind a good + Aquin. Sum " Disposition. 24.24. Qu.91. Art. 2. Resp. 4ta. ad 4t. Objectionem.

Another Learned Papist, who resolv'd not t'approve all he saw and heard in the Romish Synagogue, faith in these Words. "Let a Man be a greater "Worldling than Craffus, a greater Reviler than Zoilus, yet is he accoun-" ed a Devout Man, because he Sings Service well, tho' he understands no-"thing of it - Nor are they Content with this, but we have also brought "into Churches, a Laborious and Theatrical Mulick, a tumultuous pratling " of divers Voices, fuch a one as I think was ne'r heard upon any Stage a-" mong the Romans or Gracians - All Places roar with Eras. in 1 Co-" Pipes, Trumpets, Cornets, Dulcimers, and with these Mens rinth. Cap. " Voices are mixt; Love-Songs, and Filthy Songs (to which "Whores and Mimicks Dance) are heard. People run to "Church as to a Stage to tickle their Ears, and for this use are bred Or-"ganists and maintain'd at great Charge - A Rabble of fordid and light " Persons is bred, and the Church is loaded with their maintenance, and "that too for a pestilent Imployment. How many poor People that are " ready to famish might be maintain'd with the Salaries of these singing

It's remarkable how our Author saith, that People came to Church as to a Stage-play, and Hospinian saith, they went away ordinarily as soon as th' Musick (for which alone they came) was over. And it's well if th' Organical Part of Mankind be reform'd in our Days. Now Sir, shall Protestants declare so vehemently for th' use of these Ecclesistical Whistles, when even Roman Catholicks 'mselves condemn' mas Enemies to spiritual Devotion? And those of m that Dance after these Pipes, how do they laugh at us for being their silly Apes. It's to me unaccountable, that there shou'd be any English Protestants, who in spite of Scripture, Reason, Antiquity, and th' Church it self, I say, in spite of all these, will yet be the Pope's Baboons and expose th' English Reformation to the Jears of Jesuits, Priests, and Fryers, who deride us sadly for this notorious Piece of Religious Mimickry. Chap.

" Men?

CHAP. IV.

Organ Worship an improper Method to correspond with the End of Religion. The Grand Organical Objection, consider'd and answer'd. The ills Consequence and the pretended good Effects of Religious Organs examin'd. Th' Erecting Organs in a Parochial Church—against th' Alt of Uniformity, and an unnecessary Charge to a Parish. Organs rob the Poor. Conclusion.

PRay Sir make your Conscience Chancellor in the Cause, and tell me whether you really think the Heart-searching God is pleas'd with such Theatrical Pomp, and noisie Oftentation in his Worship? Or whether your Organical Chanting will recommend your Devotion any whit the more unto a Holy God? Will that which tickles our itching Ears, be delightful Melody in th' Ears of th' Eternal Being? Will he be affected with that which pleases our distemper'd Fancies? What, has th' Almighty greater respect to the artificial sound of an Organ-pipe, than to the dolorous Crys of a penitent Sinner? To affirm any such thing, wou'd be wickedly to represent Almighty God, as if he were tinctur'd with the Vanity of degenerate Mortals.

It may be there are some Superstitious Fops, and empty Noddies, that may admire and applaud a Worship drest up Alamode de Rome, de Spain, de Portugal, (I had almost forgot St. Germans En lay) with the glittring Ornaments of gaudy Ribbons, and towring Top-knots, but I'm sure wise and devout Protestants that know better things, will Pitty their Childish Sim-

plicity, and Laugh at their Ridiculous Fooleries.

"that their Gods did love what they affected, and for believing that their Temples had so much the more Majesty, by how much they were gay and adorn'd. So the Church of England speaking of Church Images, Precious Vestures, and other Glittering Ornaments of the Church; faith, they've nothing at all profited such as were Wise and of Understanding, but have greatly hurt the simple and unwise, occasioning 'm thereby to commit most horrible Idolatry.

Lastantius Reprimands the Heathers severely, " for believing

Hom. againft the Perit of ido!, and Superstitious decking of Churches.

Lib. 2. Cap. 7.

Part I. p. 12.

Objection, But Organs are belps to Devotion. You must know Sir that generally we're a Parcel of dull Souls, especially at Church, and the Senses of too many of us are extreamly stupify'd by Barly Opiats, that the most charming Magick in our Rubrick can't possibly revive us; and therefore have Thought

of this Organical Expedient to New-vamp our Devotion. For, the Truth on't is, we're e'en tir'd (and I believe the most laborious Plow-man or Ditcher in the Parish, wou'd not like it as hard as the Times are) to be serv'd with Coleworts all the Year round, and therefore we're fully refolv'd to get a few Ecclesiastical Dainties to revive our drooping spirits.

To which I Answer in these following Particulars.

(1.) The Learned Bishop Burnet saith, * All the below to * Bishop B's. Devotion, that the Gospel offers are in ev'ry one's Hand. But Abridg. of the Organs are not in ev'ry Bodies Hands, and therefore accord-

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(2.) He

Hist. of the church of Eng. ing to his Judgment are no helps to Devotion.

land, Edit, 2. Preface p. 7.

(2.) I must needs say, that's e'en a sad lame Devotion, that stands in need of a few tweedling Organ-pipes to make it more brisk and lively. Methinks by th' Air of this Objection your Organical Friends want a little Bottl'd Ale, or a Dram of the Cask, but because the Kirk-Wardens will not allow the Temple to be turn'd into a Tipling-House, therefore you must have something else for that Time, to elevate your depressed Minds; and nothing like to a pair of rousing melodious Organs.

Surely Sir, we've a great many Phlegmatick Sinners among us, and I wish there be no Saulites in the Hierarchy, when there's such violent Application made to Musical Diversions and Organical Plays. The Learned Pareus saith, that, to Advocate for Organs is impertment, for adds he, "In the Church the "Mind is not to be rais'd to God, and spiritual Joy, by Pipes, Trumpets,

" and Timbrels (which God of old indulged his People who "were of a stiff neck and dull stupid Mind) but by facred Hinc vero Cr-" Sermons, Plalms and Hymns --- Observe here, (1.) He ganorum ulum calls the Votaries of Organs a foolish impertinent fort of Peotemplis velle ple. And it's no wonder, he brands 'm with fo black a Chadetendere ineptum eft ---- racter, when they leave the Substance and run after the Sha-In Ecclefia ex-When an Heir is impleaded for an Idiot, the Judge citandus eft acommands an Apple — or a Counter — with a Piece nimus ad Deof Gold --- to be fet before him, to try which he'll take; um & læsitiam non tibits, tuand if he takes th' Apple, or the Counter, and leave the Gold; bis tympanis he's then cast for a Fool: For he knows not the value of things, (quod veteri or how to make a true Election. And are not our Organical dura cervicis 5 Sinners thus foolish? For when Bugels, and Diamonds, Brass Stupidæ mentis populo Deus o-Counters, and Gold are fet before 'm; they leave the Dialim indulfit) fed monds and Gold of the Gospel, and please 'mselves with the facris concioni-Ceremonious Toys, and Baubles of an abrogated Law. And bus, Psalmodiis & Hymnis, Com. in 1 Cor. 14. 7. p. 599. Edit. 2da.

(2) He Asserts, that spiritual loy is not rais'd by Musical Instruments; and if so, then the Church-use of Organs is notorlously impertinent. (3) He adds, that the Jews were indulged in the use of 'm, because they were a stiff-necked stupid People. Now, methinks, our Organical Neighbours look as like a parcel of Stubborn Jews, as one Egge to another; and some of 'm are as stiff-necked Bigots, as ever the Jerusalem Jews were when beseg'd by Vespasian; and as an evidence of their more than Jewish Bigotry, they make Idols of Ceremonics, and had rather see the Kingdom run down with Protestant Blood than Part with the least Hemm of a Consecrated Frock; but they (forward Souls) will step more than half way o're th' Hedge to meet his Holiness of Rome.

But lest you shou'd think I'm a little too uncharitable, give me leave to tell you, I deliver not my own Judgment, but that of the Church of England her self, for she in her Discourse of Ceremonies — has this remarkable Passage — And whereas in this our Time, the Minds of Men are so diverse, that some think it a great Matter of Conscience to depart from a piece of the least of their Ceremonies, they be so addicted to their Old Customs —

And that you have a Pack of dull Animals in the Prelatical Constitution, you acknowledg'd to me in your Fourth Letter, wherein you added, "That "these were the Poor Creatures that stood in need of a little Organical Assistance, and 'twas an Act of Charity to relieve 'm; and you may remember that in my Answer, I resolv'd this, and a great many other Parosbial Irregularities into the Ignorance, ill Morals, and ill Conduct of some dignified Drones among us, who labour more for the Fleece than for the Flock. But then Sir, I made a Distinction, and in pasticular assur'd you, that the Parson of my own Parish, was a Man of good Morals, good Learning and of great Pains; and therefore was justly excluded from those Censures. If all that wear his Coat had but his Learning, and exemplary Life; I'm sure our Critical Adversaries wou'd have no grounded occasion to hit us i'th' Teeth with the Scandals of Clergy-Men.

(3.) If Organs may be us'd in Church-Worship, to elevate our Affections? Why mayn't other Inventions be added, that may as effectually Answer the same End? I'll grant you as much as you desire, that Musick may accidentally elevate a drousse Mind; but so do a great many other things, as a Skeleton, a Bloody Lamb, Devotional Images and Pictures, and the Crucisis, if you're ith Humor to believe Lutherans and Romans; but must they therefore be brought into Church, and made a Part of the Ceremonial Ser-

vice? Risum teneatis -

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(4.) Are Organs helps to Devotion? The Papilis say the same of their Images, Crucifixes, Lighted Candles, and all the stupendous Relicks mention d in their Celebrated Legends.

Bellarmine makes a hideous Clamour about's "Altars, Croftasis, Cruces,
Imagines..."

The the that fir up Perfons to Piety. This is the very Language
of our Organical Votaries: By which we may Conjecture,
that there's a Snake in the Grafs, for they can't plead for an Organ, or
Chant out an Ecclefiaftical Ode, but th' Old Cardinals Cant must be the Bur-

den of the Song, and then off it go's with a Bongrace.

Ne Imagini quidem Christi in quantum est lignum Sculptum ulla datur reverentia. Aquinas

The Papiss say, they don't adore th' Image, but only use it as a visible medium as they do Organs, by which they Worship the Invisible God; and yet we count that Idolatry in m, and Pray Sir, are not our Organical Worshippers equally Guilt? Or is that a Vertue in our Members of th' English Reformed Church, which is a Vice in the Panders of the painted Jezabel of Rome? And upon the same pretence as Organs are introduc'd into Divine Service, the Walls of our Church may

be fill'd with devotional Pictures to enflame th' Affections; in fine what's there that an English Protestant can say for an Organ, which an Italian Papist will not say for a Crucifix and Carved Images, the darling Instruments of Romish Devotion: The Truth on't is, for you t' assert that by th' use of Organical Melody your Affections are rais'd to the Supream Being, is in Effect the same, as if a Woman shou'd say, that she keeps Company with another Man to raise her Affections to her absent Husband.

(5.) By this Objection, you acknowledge not only the grievous lameness of your Church-Devotion, but th' ineffectualness of the Common-Prayer to Cure it; otherwise, what need of consulting the Vitalian Oracle? This puts

* Vid. bis Letter to Mr. B.
about Baker's
Book.
† B. Cain and

Abel, p. 134,

135.

me in mind of Serenus Creffy, * "who forfook the Church of "England, because (as be faith) he found no spiritual Devo"tion in't. And Hutchinson, alias, "Berry the Priest Writes,
"That the most of serious Godliness among English Prote"stants is found among those call'd Puritans. But I'm sure, the Modern Puritans have more Charity for their Friends and

Neighbours, than th' Objector's Catholick Friend has.

Here's then a very considerable defect acknowledged; that the Prayers and Preachments of the Church are liveless and dull, for the Affections of these Organical Gentlemen are not excited by them, but that we mayn't always be dull and drousy; her's a Muisscal expedient thought upon, and the Church-Worship shall be turn'd into a Stage-diversion, and an Artificial contrivance: and which (I think) shou'd it universally prevail, will transform all Religion into meer Mechanism. However, I am glad to hear your languishing Devotion is of th' mending Hand; and that you are resolv'd to shake off that Ecclesiastical Rust, which your Affections have contracted for the

want of routing and powerful Pulpiteers. But on the strange Effects of Organ-Pipes! What charming influence have they on dull and Melancholly Souls! And now therefore, who more happy than the Inhabitants of Organical Parishes? By consecrated Bells, they can drive away the Infernal Hobgoblins, (if they have but Faith enough to Believe what a Spanish Jesuit will Swear to be true) and by the help of a pair of Melodions Organs, they may Conjure not only the lazy and Esshole, but all the Calvinistical Parishioners to Church, and so their Pews shall be as throng as three in a Bed.

This puts me in Mind of a certain Philosopher, who complain'd that when he spake Soberly to the People, they gave him no Audience but play-

ing on's Pipes Multitudes floct after him.

Oh rare Melody! What pity it's all our Parlors are not Converted into fo many pompous Theatrical Quires; and that all our Bairnes and Servants are not train'd up in this Organical way. What more reviving than a Canonical Confort of Musick! What strange and wonderful feats

have been perform'd by the Melodious charms of Mufical Pipes.

These were the sweet Syrens that charm'd the famous Vifes and's Compa-And Theophrastus tells us, that by the Art of Musick the pain of the Hip-Gout has been cur'd. Here's good news to our Gouty-Parishioners; if they can but make shift to ereep to Church and lay their left Ear to the leading Organ-Pipe, the Cure is Effected, only they must be sure to pay the Piper, for Money is all --- Nay Zenocrates cur'd Mad-Men by the means of Musick. Well then, if you'l be advised by a Friend; send your Organical Musick to New Bedlam, and first try the experiment there, for I'm sure there are many in that dismal Place that want help: Particularly two forforn Church Persons, Mr. Fr .-- d. Who you'l find 'ith Tenth Figure. And Mr. Perkins, who was put in but few Months ago by my Lord Mayor upon the Request of his Grace of Canterbury, as the publick News told us. I'd have you make tryal of skill on 'm, for a good pair of Organs are an admirable Catholicon; and therefore don't despair of success. And when you've turn'd Bedlam into a Colledge of Wisdom, I do affure you, I'll heartily joyn Hand and Heart with you, and be the most forward in the Croud to Cry, Oh happy Cathedralists! And what mighty Advantage have those that dwell near a Cathedral or an Organical Church! Where a Man Ears shall be constantly regail'd with Harmonious Melody, and the Health of the Body fecur'd by the fecret Charms of Canonical chanting: And what is more (for we've referv'd the best Wine till last) the sweet and Melodious found of the Pipes (especially if they be consecrated) will Effectually dispel all gloomy Thoughts out of your Minds, and you shall be as Merry as forty Beggars in a Barn, and never fall any more into the Quagmire of Melancholly and madness. But after all the Patriarchs of St. Davids, and St. A-Saph,

faph, must confess that the charming Melody of Organs has not been able to preserve the Sacred Quire from the great Plague of Simony. But both Church and State have honorably Acquitted 'emselves from this Guilt, by exposing the Criminals to the Righteons and publick Censure of the Law.

But pray Sir, to be ferious, upon what bottom do your Friends and you go? I've been told you can't regularly Erect a pair of Organs in your Parish-Church, unless you be Authoriz'd by some just Power; either by the King, Parliament, Convocation, Canons, or Rubrick. And if you're not authoriz'd by these or some or one of 'm. I humbly conceive you're accountable to Authority for a breach of the Law of Uniformity. " But I'm fure von've no power from His Majesty, no warrant from any Statute Enacted by Parliament, nor from any Canon, or any Convocation, nor from any Rubrick in our English-Common-Prayer-Book, for the setting up "Organ-Worship in your Parochial Church. And many of the Learned " are of Opinion, that according to th' Act of Uniformity, and the Con-" stitution of the Church of England, no particular Pastor of a Parish-"Church is allow'd to introduce new Rites and Modes of Worship into " his Parish-Church over and above what are Appointed by the Act of U-"informity, without a warrant either from a Parliament, or Convocation. The Church of England her felf speaks expresly to this very purpose in her Discourse, about the Abolition of Ceremonies, Her Words are, That no Man ought to take in Hand, or presume to appoint ---- any publick or common Order in Christ's Church, except be be lawfully called, and authoriz'd thereunto. Pray then Sir, have not your Organical Friends by their appointing this new Model of Worship, out-run Canons, Convocations, Rubricks, and Homilies, and travel'd as far as Rome it self before some of their Brethren have crept as far as Canterbury? And pray Sir, mayn't overdoing the Rule. as well as underdoing? " Mayn't excelles as well as defects in reference to " the same Canon be a real Schism in the Church? How comes it to pass " that only defects in Dissenters are Sins, and yet excesses in Conformists are such Vertues? Why is't that a Man may advance towards Rome and be no Schismatick, but yet one glance o'th' Eye towards Geneva makes him 'a damnable one: What is't no Crime in a Church-Man to out run the Constable? In a word, "mayn't the Statute of Uniformity be violated by a " Supra-Conformity, as well as by Subter-Conformity? And if so, your Organ-Adorers ought to be Excommunicated ipso facto, and not restor'd until they Repent and publickly revoke this wicked Error, As to Mr. Baxter's Arguguments for Organs, I'm ready to account for 'm if call'd upon . And as to the Parish it felf, where these Organs are to be Erected : It's re-

And as to the Parish it ielt, where these Organs are to be Erected: It's reported to be generally poor, and not without just reasons, complains bitterly of some late unreasonable Impositions laid upon't by Lay-kirk-Officers.

And Sir, shall we encourage 'm to add to the Burthen? For you know that the purchase of a pair of Organs will be very chargeable. And must the Purses of the poor Parishioners be squeez'd again to gratify the Musical sancy of a few Persons, that are a little more Merrily giv'n than their mortish'd Neighbours.

Besides, will any of our Friends be so unnatural to Posterity, as to entail perpetual Italian Gabels, as an Inheritance upon 'm? For you and they can't but know, that a pair of Organs will be a constant Charge to the Parish;

and you've already more Poor than you're well able to maintain.

Therefore in the Name of the Poor of the Parish, what do you mean? Will you bring in the Babylonian Bell and Dragon among 'm, to devour 'm a live? Pre read that Fharoab's Lean Kine eat up the Fat Ones; but for the Fat Ones to eat up the Lean, is most horridly unconscionably. But thus 'tis in some Towns and Parishes, as in some Fish-Ponds, Five or Ton great Jacks devour all the small Fry; and so if things go on at this rate; in a short time we must all joyn in Consort with the Jovial Beggar and sing, Abeg-

ging we willgo ----

The poor Parishioners must throw away their Money upon Organs; when ('tmay be) their Family want Bread at home. Nay, and these poor Sheep must not bleat neither, tho' severely clipt; they must be dumb, and if any of them be so mad as plead Poverty, or complain of Oppression, then a parcel of sinful Scoundrels are immediately sent to rise the House, and these (forsooth) are authorized to turn Auctioneers, and to sell the Poor man's Goods by an inch of Candle; and his Neighbour for's impertinence is consigned over to the Ecclesiastical Purgatory, (the most intollerable Grievance that the English Nation this Day groans under *) where he's worri'd out of's Life, by a mercyless Crew of Insernal Lo
Samuel Samuel p. Castle, that feed upon the Sins of the People.

Now Sir, it's hop'd you're in some measure convinc'd how you and your Organical Companions "have Erred and strayed from your Ways like lost "Sheep, and have followed too much the Devices and desires of your own "Hearts — for, from the whole, it's evident that Organ-Worship, was part of the Ceremonial Law, which is now abrogated; that the Apostolical and Primitive Fathers, have not as much as a favourable Sentence to befriend the Cause of your admired Organs, that Organ-Worship is a Popish Neoterical practice, soisted into the Church, when Church-Men had proffituted 'mselves to the Babylonian Whore; and ever since this and such like Meritorious Pomp has been accounted the greatest Splendor of the Romish Hierarchy.

The Church of England her felf has born a very ample Testimony against you, and what will the true Sons of the Church, as they call 'mselves, have

no Umbrage of regard to her grave Dictates? To own her as a Mother, and yet to slight her Advice, shows that you mind your beloved Organs more than your Fifth Commandment. In a forequoted place, the Church complains bitterly of the excess and Multitude of Ceremonies, that the burthen of 'm was intollerable — These are her own Words. And what will you add more, when your good Antient Mother complains there are too many already? One wou'd think that they that cry up the Church, the Church, shou'd show greater degrees of Reverence to her Maternal Authority, and not prefer sensitive Contentments before their Mothers Blessing.

But I perceive that those who Proclaim themselves the Sons of the Church (and pray make Room for them, for they be bulky ones, God bless'm) after all, are but a parcel of over-grown Children, that are past Correction: And Children will be Children still, and therefore no wonder, that there are so many tak'n up with Childish Toys and Bartholomew trisles, but one wou'd think you and your Musical Acquaintance big enough to be assaured to ride upon a Penny Colt, or a two Penny Gelding; tho the fa-

mous Alcibiades did once (to please a Child) Condescend

Ludere par impar equitare arundine longa.

To play the Fool at Even or Odd And for a Hobby-borse ride a Rod.

But if Organs are so eminently useful, pray shall I ask you a few Innocent

Questions before we part.

r. Why have you been so long without 'm? No doubt but ye are the Men, and Wisdom shall dye with you. But how then comes it to pass that you did not think sooner of this Ecclesiastical Artillery to mend your crazy Devotion? Or were our Organical Friends born under a Midsummer-Moon? Whether they were or not, I dare not pretend to so much Astrology as to determine it. But sure I am, the Lord of their First-House was wonderfully culminant, or else it's impossible it shou'd ever enter into their Pericrany's to advance Folly and Vanity, Pride and Pomp into the Ecclesiastical Throne in so notorious a manner.

2. If Musick in Divine Worship be so good, why don't you add more Musical Instruments? For good added to good, makes the greater good; and you know two good things are better than one, and the more the Merryer. Ay but nothing compar'd to a pair of Organs: Oh Organs! dainty brave Organs! they're all in all, the very Cream of the jest and Prim's Jannock the you. In a word, we've luckily hit upon a Soverain Remedy that'l ne-

ver fail to rouse up the most Phlegmatick Endymion in the Paroch.

More:

3. If

3. If there be such Excellency in Organs, why are there so many Parishes that were never yet honour'd with a Choir of Musical Levites? If they're ignorant, and don't know the worth of this fort of Musical Devotion: Then the Beams of the Ecclesiastical Light are not so dissure and penetrating as is usually pretended, and our Parochial Guides are accountable for this our damnable Sin of Ignorance. But and if they be poor, and can't purchase and maintain a pair of Expenceful Organs without selling their Patrimony; then in the Name of the poor Parishes of England, I humbly beg and beseech all Parsons (by what Names or Titles soever dignissed or distinguished) who have their hundreds and their thousands per Annum, to contribute towards the purchasing of Religious Organs for 'm, and towards the Annual charge that attend them; But mum, not a Penny I'll secure you.

But it's time to think of parting, for it's late: And besides, you know it's excessive Cold; and that our Consort of vocal and Instrumental Musick has lasted long; longer than any that has been known in Salisbury-Court for

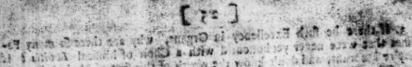
thefe Seven Years last past.

But pray Sir, Excuse my freedom, and attribute the Exorbitancy of my Pen, to that pleasant motion which the very thoughts of Melodious Mufick put upon my juvenile Blood. And as to this trouble, I question nor, but you'l be so just as to place it to your own Account, because your excess of Reverence for Ecclesiastical Musick, and your earnest Request to me for my Sentiments about it, drew it upon your self; and I hope you'l Love me never the less, because I part abruptly, and conclude without Ceremony,

SIR,

Your's Affectionately to serve you without the Accent of Organs.

FINIS.



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ADVERTISEMENT.

A Letter to a friend in the Country, concerning the Use of instrumental Musick in the Worlding of God: In Answer to Ma.
Newte's Sermon Preach'd at Tiverton in Dover, on the Occasion
of an Organ being Erected in that Parish-Church. Printed for
A. Baldwin, at the Oxfard-firms in Warwick-Lane, 1698,

